

Package ‘trundler’

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Type Package

Title Historical Retail Data from the 'Trundler' API

Version 0.1.19

Description A wrapper around the 'Trundler' API, which gives access to historical retail product and pricing data, and can be found at <<https://api.trundler.dev/>>.

License GPL-3

URL <https://github.com/datawookie/trundler/>

BugReports <https://github.com/datawookie/trundler/issues/>

Imports dplyr, glue, httr, jsonlite, magrittr, progressr, tibble, tidygraph, tidyrselect (>= 1.0.0), urltools

Suggests devtools, ggraph, patchwork, RPostgres, testthat (>= 2.1.0), tidyr

Encoding UTF-8

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admin_auth	<i>Information on all API keys</i>
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Description

Information on all API keys

Usage

admin_auth()

admin_auth_count	<i>Usage statistics on all API keys</i>
------------------	---

Description

Usage statistics on all API keys

Usage

admin_auth_count()

admin_stats	<i>Get statistics per crawl</i>
-------------	---------------------------------

Description

Get statistics per crawl

Usage

```
admin_stats()
```

admin_stats_daily	<i>Get statistics per retailer per day</i>
-------------------	--

Description

Get statistics per retailer per day

Usage

```
admin_stats_daily()
```

admin_stats_status	<i>Get status statistics per crawl</i>
--------------------	--

Description

Get status statistics per crawl

Usage

```
admin_stats_status()
```

base_url	<i>Get base URL for API</i>
----------	-----------------------------

Description

Get base URL for API

Usage

```
base_url()
```

Value

API base URL.

categories	<i>List all categories</i>
------------	----------------------------

Description

List all categories

Usage

```
categories(category_id = NULL)
```

Arguments

category_id A category ID.

Value

Categories as a `data.frame`.

categories_graph	<i>Create graph of category hierarchy</i>
------------------	---

Description

Create graph of category hierarchy

Usage

```
categories_graph(taxonomy = NULL)
```

Arguments

taxonomy A data frame returned by `categories` or `NULL`.

Value

Categories as a `tbl_graph`.

Examples

```
## Not run:
library(ggraph)

graph <- categories_graph()
# In principle there should be graph data available, but let's check.
if (!is.null(graph)) {
  ggraph(graph, 'tree') +
    geom_edge_link() +
    geom_node_point() +
    geom_node_label(aes(label = category_label)) +
    theme_graph()
}

## End(Not run)
```

category_products	<i>Products for a specific category</i>
-------------------	---

Description

Products for a specific category

Usage

```
category_products(category_id, recursive = TRUE, ...)
```

Arguments

category_id	A category ID.
recursive	Should all sub-categories be included?
...	Arguments passed through to paginate().

Value

Details of all products for a specific category as a data.frame.

Examples

```
# Get products for a specific category.
## Not run:
category_id = categories() %>% filter(category_label == "red wine") %>% pull(category_id)
category_products(category_id)

## End(Not run)
```

check_response_error *Check API response for errors*

Description

Check API response for errors

Usage

```
check_response_error(response)
```

Arguments

response A response object.

Value

NULL. Raises an error if response has an error code.

check_response_json *Check that API response is JSON*

Description

Check that API response is JSON

Usage

```
check_response_json(response)
```

Arguments

response A response object.

Value

NULL. Raises an error if the response is not JSON.

GET	<i>Wrapper for http::GET()</i>
-----	--------------------------------

Description

Wrapper for http::GET()

Usage

```
GET(url = NULL, config = list(), retry = 5, ...)
```

Arguments

url	URL to retrieve.
config	Additional configuration settings.
retry	Number of times to retry request on failure.
...	Further named parameters.

get_api_key	<i>Retrieve API key</i>
-------------	-------------------------

Description

Retrieve API key

Usage

```
get_api_key()
```

Value

API key.

Examples

```
## Not run:  
set_api_key("8f9f3c4e-5dd6-4bff-3a2c-592b45cf2437")  
get_api_key()  
  
## End(Not run)
```

`get_rapidapi_key` *Retrieve RapidAPI key*

Description

Retrieve RapidAPI key

Usage

`get_rapidapi_key()`

Value

API key for RapidAPI.

HEAD *Wrapper for `httr::HEAD()`*

Description

Wrapper for `httr::HEAD()`

Usage

`HEAD(url = NULL, config = list(), retry = 5, ...)`

Arguments

<code>url</code>	URL to retrieve.
<code>config</code>	Additional configuration settings.
<code>retry</code>	Number of times to retry request on failure.
<code>...</code>	Further named parameters.

paginate	<i>Paginate results from API</i>
----------	----------------------------------

Description

Ideas for improvement:

Usage

```
paginate(url, head = FALSE, limit = 10000, verbose = FALSE)
```

Arguments

url	API endpoint
head	Return the data (FALSE) or the number of records (TRUE)?
limit	Number of items per query
verbose	Whether to produce verbose output.

Details

- Paginated endpoints return a 'X-Total-Count' header record with the total number of records. This could be used to pre-allocate space and avoid the while() loop. First call to endpoint could have limit=0 to avoid retrieving any results. - Move the JSON processing outside of the loop. Just accumulate all of the JSON into a single document. Evaluate whether this is an improvement! - Use HEAD to find expected number of results. - Could avoid final API query by checking if the number of results returned was less than limit.

param_boolean	<i>Convert URL parameter into Boolean.</i>
---------------	--

Description

Convert URL parameter into Boolean.

Usage

```
param_boolean(bool)
```

Arguments

bool	A Boolean string (either "true" or "false").
------	--

Value

A Boolean value (either TRUE or FALSE).

product

Details for a specific product

Description

Details for a specific product

Usage

```
product(product_id)
```

Arguments

```
product_id    A product ID.
```

Value

Product details as a data.frame.

Examples

```
# Details of a specific product.
## Not run:
product(1)

## End(Not run)
```

products

Find products by name or brand

Description

Find products by name or brand

Usage

```
products(  
  product = NA,  
  brand = NA,  
  regex = TRUE,  
  ignore_case = TRUE,  
  barcode = NA,  
  head = FALSE,  
  ...  
)
```

Arguments

product	Filter by product name (treated as a regular expression).
brand	Filter by product brand (treated as a regular expression).
regex	Should filter be treated as a Regular Expression?
ignore_case	Should case be ignored?
barcode	Filter by barcode.
head	Return the data (FALSE) or the number of records (TRUE)?
...	Arguments passed through to paginate().

Value

Product details as a `data.frame` if `head` is `FALSE`, otherwise the number of products that would be returned.

Examples

```
## Not run:
products(product = "coffee")
products(brand = "Illy")
products(product = "coffee", brand = "Illy")
products(product = "coffee", brand = "Illy", head = TRUE)

## End(Not run)
```

product_prices	<i>Price history for a specific product</i>
----------------	---

Description

Price history for a specific product

Usage

```
product_prices(product_id, head = FALSE, ...)
```

Arguments

product_id	A product ID.
head	Return the data (FALSE) or the number of records (TRUE)?
...	Arguments passed through to paginate().

Value

Price history as a `data.frame` if `head` is `FALSE`, otherwise the number of price history entries that would be returned.

Examples

```
# Price history for a specific product.
## Not run:
# Detailed price history for product with ID = 1.
product_prices(1)
# Number of entries in price history for product with ID = 1.
product_prices(1, head = TRUE)

## End(Not run)
```

retailer

Details of a retailer

Description

Details of a retailer

Usage

```
retailer(retailer_id = NA)
```

Arguments

retailer_id A retailer ID.

Value

Details of either all retailers or a specific retailer as a `data.frame`.

Examples

```
# Get a table of all retailers.
## Not run:
retailer()

## End(Not run)
# Get details of specific retailer.
## Not run:
retailer(1)

## End(Not run)
```

retailer_products *Products for a specific retailer*

Description

Products for a specific retailer

Usage

```
retailer_products(  
  retailer_id,  
  product = NA,  
  brand = NA,  
  regex = TRUE,  
  ignore_case = TRUE,  
  head = FALSE,  
  ...  
)
```

Arguments

retailer_id	A retailer ID.
product	Filter by product name (treated as a regular expression).
brand	Filter by product brand (treated as a regular expression).
regex	Should filter be treated as a Regular Expression?
ignore_case	Should case be ignore?
head	Return the data (FALSE) or the number of records (TRUE)?
...	Arguments passed through to paginate().

Value

Product details as a data.frame if head is FALSE, otherwise the number of products that would be returned.

Examples

```
# Get products for a specific retailer.  
## Not run:  
retailer_products(1)  
retailer_products(9, product = "Nescafe")  
retailer_products(9, product = "Nescafe", head = TRUE)  
  
## End(Not run)
```

`set_api_key`*Set API key*

Description

Set API key

Usage

```
set_api_key(api_key)
```

Arguments

`api_key` API key.

Examples

```
set_api_key("8f9f3c4e-5dd6-4bff-3a2c-592b45cf2437")
```

`set_base_url`*Set base URL for API*

Description

Set base URL for API

Usage

```
set_base_url(url)
```

Arguments

`url` URL to access API.

Examples

```
# Use local server
set_base_url("http://0.0.0.0:8080/")
```

set_rapidapi_key	<i>Set RapidAPI key</i>
------------------	-------------------------

Description

Set RapidAPI key

Usage

```
set_rapidapi_key(api_key)
```

Arguments

api_key	API key for RapidAPI.
---------	-----------------------

Examples

```
## Not run:  
set_rapidapi_key("5a1ae0ce24mshd483dae6ab7308dp129ef6jsn1f473053d6b0")  
  
## End(Not run)
```

set_server	<i>Set IP and port for API server</i>
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Description

Set IP and port for API server

Usage

```
set_server(ip, port)
```

Arguments

ip	IP address for API server.
port	Port on which API is running.

Examples

```
# Use local server  
set_server("0.0.0.0", 8080)
```

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